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Israel Corporation Ltd.

Registrar Number: 520028010

**Form 121
Public**

Date of Transmission: November 12, 2025

Reference: 2025-01- 086440

To:

The Securities Authority

www.isa.gov.il

To:

The Tel Aviv Stock Exchange

www.tase.co.il

Immediate Report

The Event: ICL GROUP LTD – Investor Presentation Q3 2025

Attached is an immediate report Of ICL GROUP – Investor Presentation Q3 2025

The Company is not a shell company as defined in the Stock Exchange Regulations

The date when the event first became known to the corporation: November 12, 2025

Time: 09:00

Name of report authorized signatories who are authorized to sign in the name of the corporation:

	<i>Name of the signor</i>	<i>Position</i>
1	<i>Maya Alcheh Kaplan</i>	<i>Other</i> <i>Vice President, General Counsel and Company's Secretary</i>
2	<i>Sagi Kabla</i>	<i>CFO</i>

Name of report authorized signatory and name of authorized signatory electronic signatory: Maya Alcheh-Kaplan

Position: Vice President, General Counsel and Company's Secretary

Signing Date: November 12, 2025

Name of Electronic Reporter: Maya Alcheh-Kaplan. Position: Vice President, General Counsel and Company's Secretary. Address: Aranha 23, Millennium Tower. Tel Aviv 61204. Phone – 03-6844517 Fax: 03-6844587.

E-mail: mayaak@israelcorp.com.



2025

Third Quarter

Financial Results

Elad Aharonson | President and CEO

November 12, 2025



Important legal notes

Disclaimer and safe harbor for forward-looking statements

This presentation contains statements that constitute "forward-looking statements," many of which can be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as "anticipate," "believe," "could," "expect," "should," "plan," "intend," "estimate," "strive," "forecast," "targets" and "potential," among others. The company is relying on the safe harbor provided in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, in making such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements appear in a number of places in this announcement and include, but are not limited to, statements regarding the company intent, belief or current expectations. Forward-looking statements are based on the company management's beliefs and assumptions and on information currently available to the company management. Such statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, and the actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements due to various factors, including, but not limited to: our ability to implement the strategic changes we are outlining in this presentations; changes in exchange rates or prices compared to those we are currently experiencing; the effects of the ongoing security situation in Israel, including the nature and duration of related conflicts; loss or impairment of business licenses or mineral extractions permits or concessions, including our ability to win the new concession in the Dead Sea in 2030; volatility of supply and demand and the impact of competition; the difference between actual reserves and the company reserve estimates; natural disasters and cost of compliance with environmental regulatory legislative and licensing restrictions including laws and regulation related to, and physical impacts of climate change and greenhouse gas emissions; failure to harvest salt which could lead to accumulation of salt at the bottom of the evaporation Pond 5 in the Dead Sea; disruptions at the company seaport shipping facilities or regulatory restrictions affecting the company ability to export the company products overseas; general market, political or economic conditions in the countries in which the company operates, including tariffs and trade policies; price increases or shortages with respect to the company principal raw materials; delays in termination of engagements with contractors and/or governmental obligations; the inflow of significant amounts of water into the Dead Sea which could adversely affect production at the company plants; labor disputes, slowdowns and strikes involving the company employees; pension and health insurance liabilities; disruptions from pandemics that may impact the company sales, operations, supply chain and customers; changes to governmental incentive programs or tax benefits, creation of new fiscal or tax related legislation; and/or higher tax liabilities; changes in the company evaluations and estimates, which serve as a basis for the recognition and manner of measurement of assets and liabilities; failure to integrate or realize expected benefits from mergers and acquisitions, organizational restructuring and joint ventures; currency rate fluctuations; rising interest rates; government examinations or investigations; disruption of the company, or the company service providers', information technology systems or breaches of the company, or the company service providers', data security; failure to retain and/or recruit key personnel; inability to realize expected benefits from the company cost reduction program according to the expected timetable; inability to access capital markets on favorable terms; cyclicity of the company businesses; changes in demand for the company fertilizer products due to a decline in agricultural product prices, lack of available credit, weather conditions, government policies or other factors beyond the company control; sales of the company magnesium products being affected by various factors that are not within the company control; the company ability to secure approvals and permits from the authorities in Israel to continue the company phosphate mining operations in Rotem Amfert Israel; volatility or crises in the financial markets; hazards inherent to mining and chemical manufacturing; the failure to ensure the safety of the company workers and processes; litigation, arbitration and regulatory proceedings; exposure to third party and product liability claims; product recalls or other liability claims as a result of food safety and food-borne illness concerns; insufficiency of insurance coverage; closing of transactions, mergers and acquisitions; war or acts of terror and/or political, economic and military instability in Israel and its region; including the current state of security tension in Israel and the resulting disruptions to the company supply and production chains; filing of class actions and derivative actions against the company, its executives and Board members; the company is exposed to risks relating to its current and future activity in emerging markets; and other risk factors discussed under "Item 3 - Key Information— D. Risk Factors" in the company's Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2024, filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) on March 13, 2025 (the Annual Report). Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and the company does not undertake any obligation to update them in light of new information or future developments or to release publicly any revisions to these statements in order to reflect later events or circumstances or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. Investors are cautioned to consider these risks and uncertainties and to not place undue reliance on such information. Forward-looking statements should not be read as a guarantee of future performance or results and are subject to risks and uncertainties, and the actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. This presentation for the third quarter of 2025 (the Quarterly Report) should be read in conjunction with the Annual Report of 2024 as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, published by the company on Form 20-F and the published reports for the first and second quarters of 2025 (the prior quarterly reports), including the description of the events occurring subsequent to the date of the statement of financial position, as filed with the U.S. SEC.



Financial performance | 3Q'25



\$1.9B

total
sales



\$398M

adjusted
EBITDA⁽¹⁾



\$0.10

adjusted
diluted EPS⁽¹⁾



\$1.5B

specialties-driven
sales⁽²⁾



\$251M

specialties-driven
EBITDA^(1,2)



\$308M

operating
cash flow

Highlights

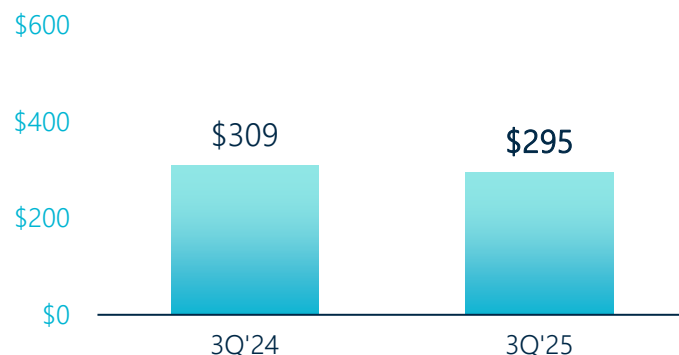
- Sales up 6% YoY, with specialties-driven sales up 3%
- Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾ up 4% YoY
- Trends in-line with expectations
- Overall prices continued to increase
- End-markets and regional performance remained varied

(1) Adjusted EBITDA, specialties-driven EBITDA, and adjusted diluted EPS are non-GAAP financial measures; see reconciliation tables in appendix. (2) Specialties-driven sales and EBITDA includes Industrial Products, Phosphate Solutions and Growing Solutions; see appendix for additional details.

Industrial Products | 3Q'25

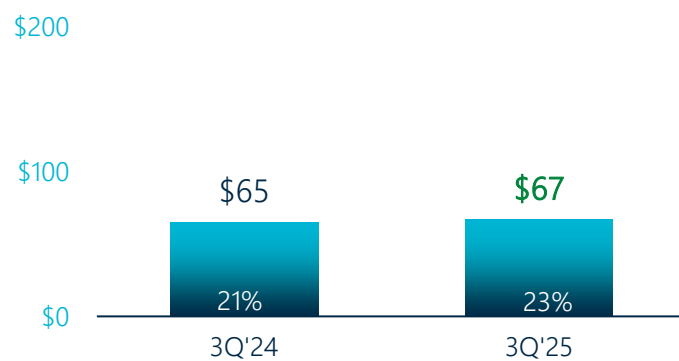
Sales

US\$M



EBITDA

US\$M



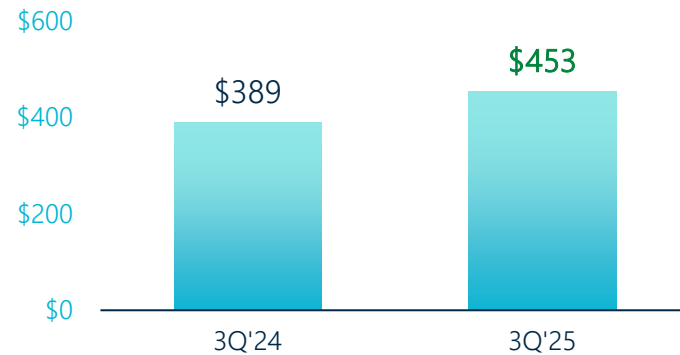
Key developments

- Remained a leader in global bromine market, as EBITDA improved on higher prices
- Trends stable and consistent with 1H'25
- Bromine prices continued to improve
- Flame retardant performance mixed, with growth in phosphorous-based solutions
- Clear brine fluid business remained solid
- Strong specialty minerals results, with growth in food
- Overall end-markets mixed, as construction softness continued

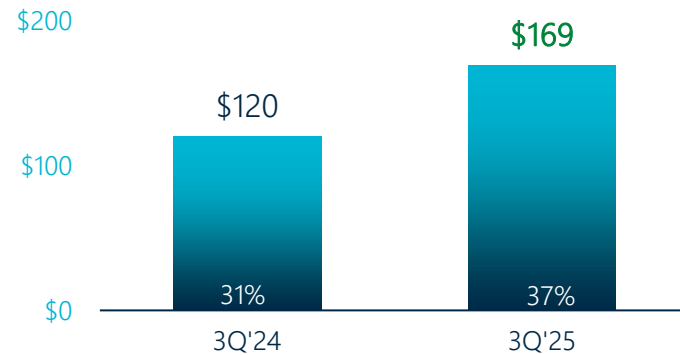
Note: Segment EBITDA and margin are non-GAAP financial measures; please see appendix for additional details.

Potash | 3Q'25

Sales US\$M



EBITDA US\$M



Key developments

- Average potash CIF price per ton of \$353 vs. \$333 in 2Q'25 and \$297 in 3Q'24
- Sales and EBITDA up both sequentially and annually
- Dead Sea and Iberia both delivered higher production QoQ
- Continued to prioritize best markets, whenever possible
- Inventories in China still low
- Potash affordability remains attractive

Note: Segment EBITDA and margin are non-GAAP financial measures; please see appendix for additional details.

Dead Sea Concession

MOU with Israeli Government

Financial and regulatory clarity

Provides certainty about value and timing of assets' consideration

Concession terms may improve with new tender process

Open tender likely to result in fairer and more attractive concession terms

Reducing business risks

Avoiding lengthy legal disputes enables stability and financial certainty

Business continuity

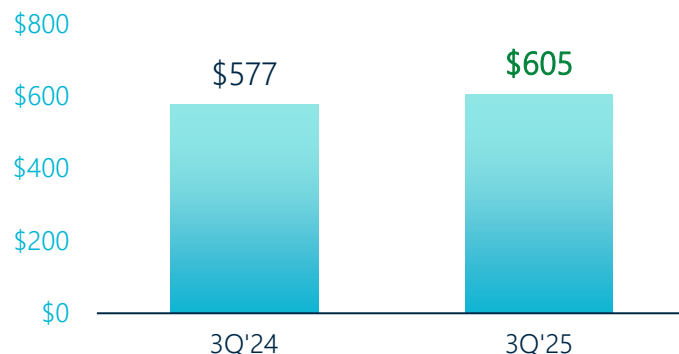
Enables full management focus on strategic execution and long-term growth

**We believe we are best positioned to secure the new concession,
with clear advantages over any potential competitor.**

Phosphate Solutions | 3Q'25

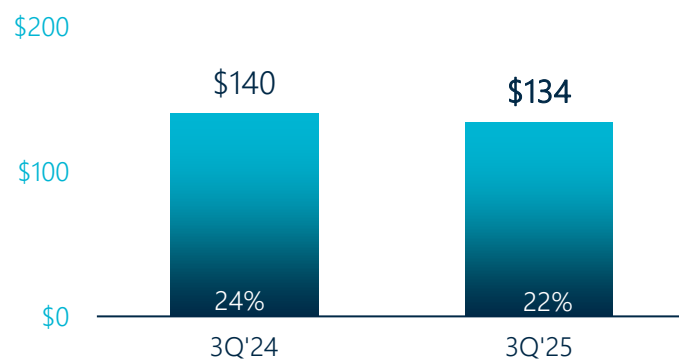
Sales

US\$M



EBITDA

US\$M



Key developments

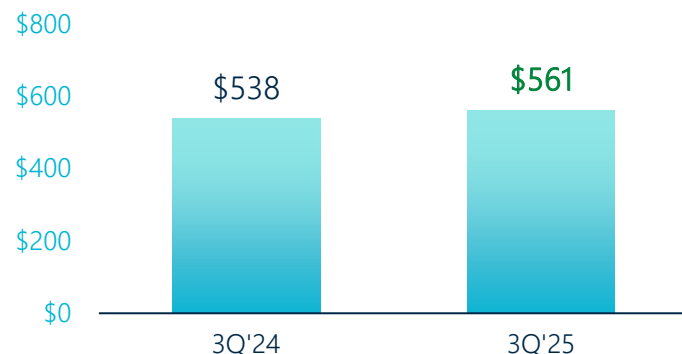
- Results in-line with expectations
 - Sales increased on higher specialty volumes and commodity prices
 - Profit impacted by higher sulfur costs
- Specialties profitability as expected, with excess supply
- Food specialties sales delivered strongest quarter in two years, with continued strategy execution
- YPH China benefitted from higher prices, volumes and demand for battery materials
- Overall specialties performance mixed on regional basis
 - North and South America and China stable, while Europe softer

Notes: Segment EBITDA and margin are non-GAAP financial measures; please see appendix for additional details. For 3Q'25, Phosphate Specialties comprised \$348M of segment sales, \$38M of OI, \$13M of D&A and represented \$51M of EBITDA, while Phosphate Commodities comprised \$257M of segment sales, \$47M of OI, \$36M of D&A and represented \$83M of EBITDA.

Growing Solutions | 3Q'25

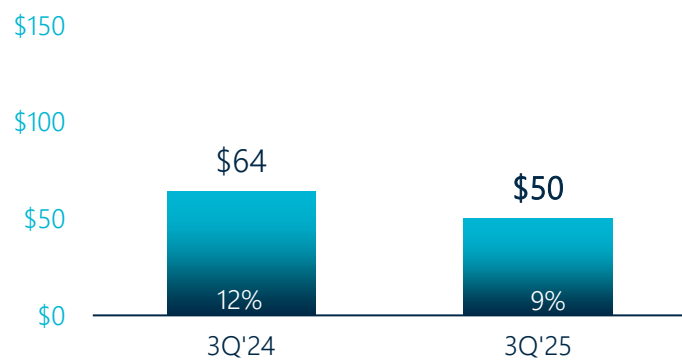
Sales

US\$M



EBITDA

US\$M



Key developments

- Continued regional focus on global specialty solutions helped drive sales higher YoY
- North America: growth plan continued to advance, with increased sales on higher volumes
- Europe: benefitted from successful mix strategy focused on more profitable specialty agriculture products
- Asia: profit impacted by higher raw material costs
- Brazil: market under pressure
- Globally: farmer affordability continued to decline

Note: Segment EBITDA and margin are non-GAAP financial measures; please see appendix for additional details.



Third Quarter 2025

Financial Results

Aviram Lahav

CFO

Key indicators | QoQ average change

Macro	Inflation ▼	Interest Rates ▼	Global Industrial Production ▼	U.S. Housing Starts ▼
Fertilizer	Grain Price Index ▼	Farmer Sentiment ▼	Commodity Fertilizer Prices ▲	Supramax Timecharter Average Price ▲
Other	Chinese Bromine Price Trend ▲	U.S. Durable Goods ▲	Leading Indicator of Remodeling Activity =	U.S. Retail Trade and Food Services ▲

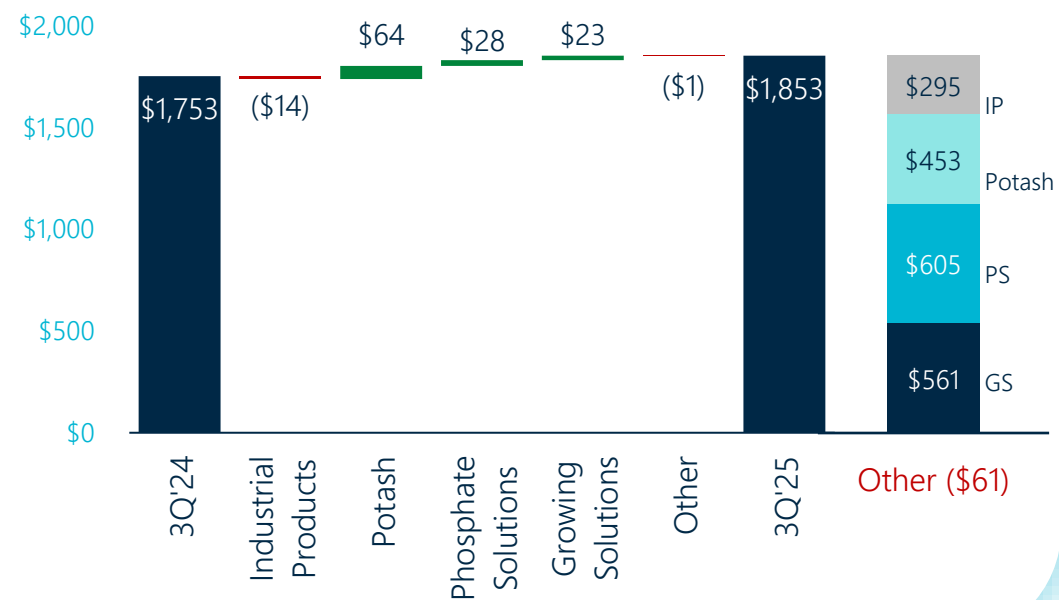
Notes: See appendix for additional details.

Third quarter | 2025

Sales bridge

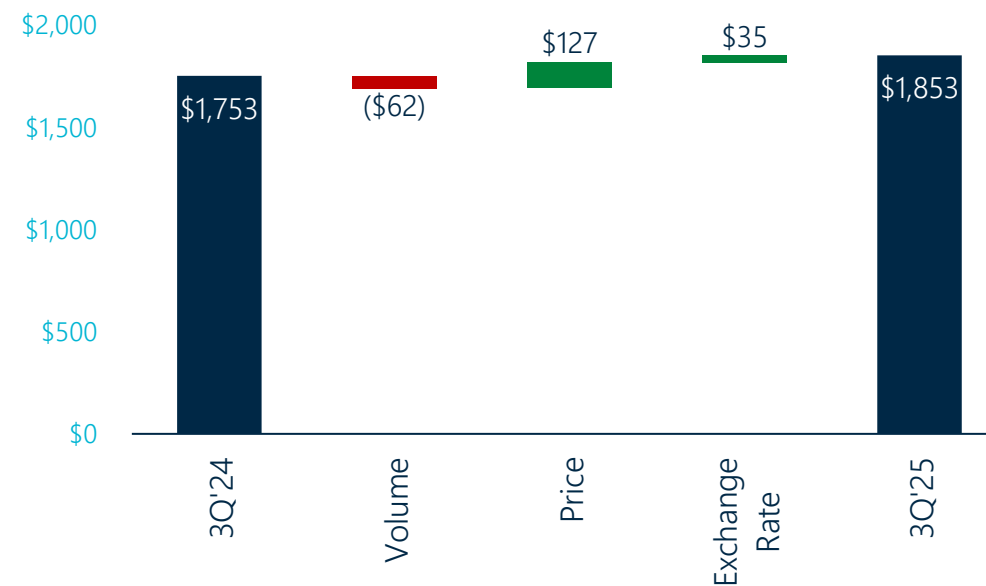
Sales by segment

US\$M



Sales

US\$M



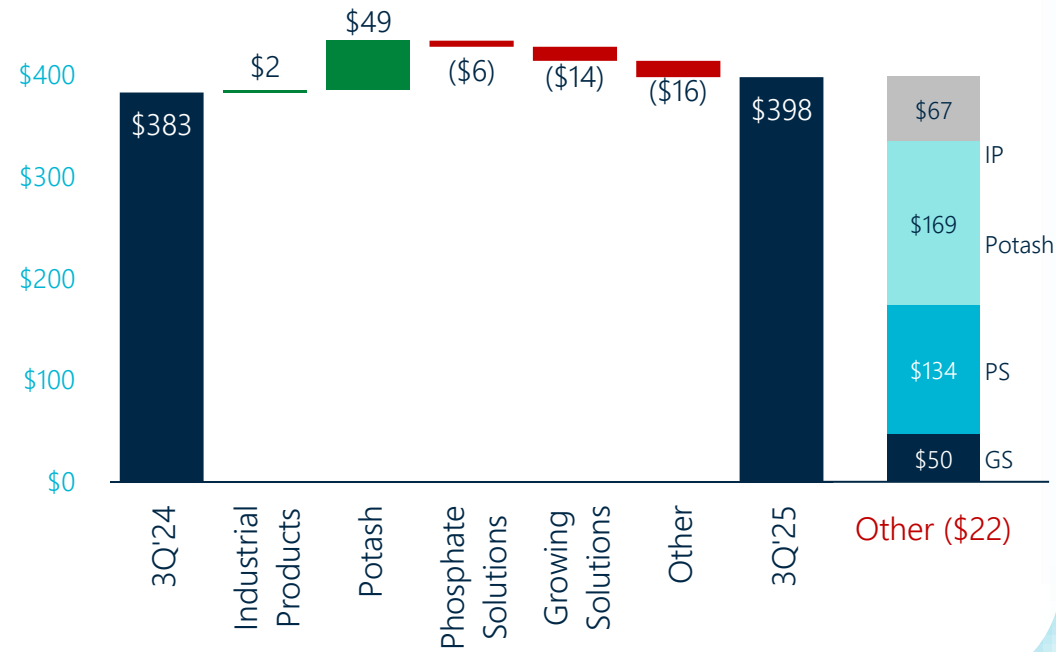
Notes: Numbers rounded to closest million; Other includes intercompany eliminations.

Third quarter | 2025

Profit bridge

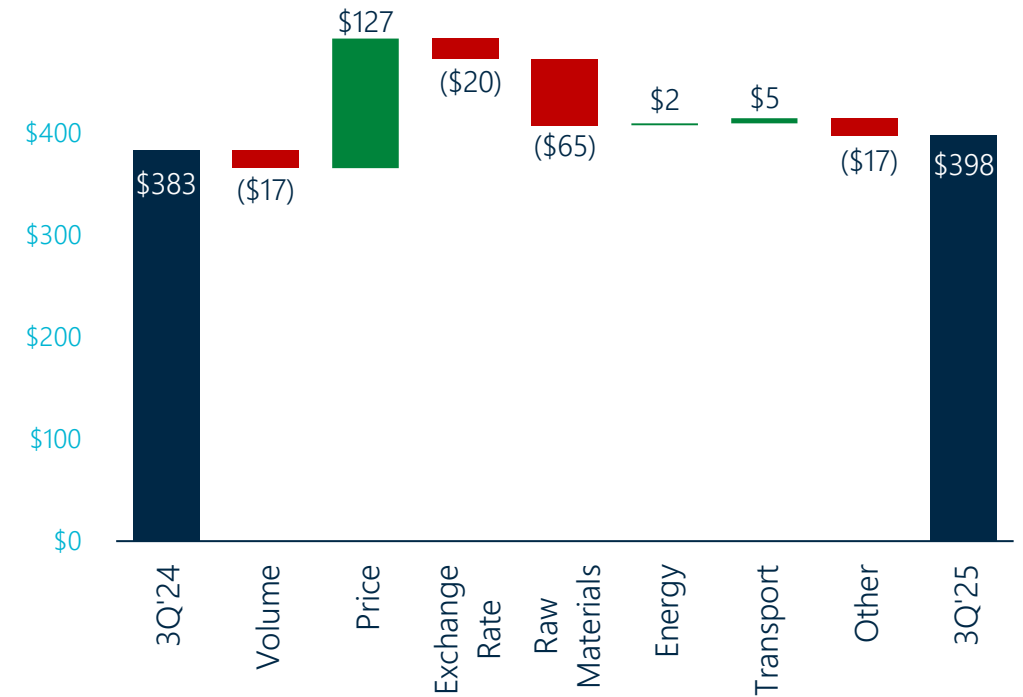
Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾ by segment

US\$M



Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾

US\$M



(1) Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure; please see reconciliation tables in appendix.
Notes: Numbers rounded to closest million; Other includes intercompany eliminations.

Financial highlights

Cash resources

\$1.5B available

Net debt to adjusted EBITDA

1.4X

Cash flow

Operating cash
flow of ~\$308M

Shareholder return

Quarterly dividend of \$62M
Annual yield of 2.8%

Notes: Available cash resources, as of 9.30.25, and comprised of cash and deposits, unutilized revolving credit facility, and unutilized securitization. Net debt to adjusted EBITDA, as of 9.30.25, is a non-GAAP financial measure; see appendix for additional details. Dividend yield, as of 9.30.25, shown on TTM basis and calculated by summing dividends paid per share for past four quarters, divided by price per share on final trading day of quarter.



Guidance and Outlook

Full Year 2025

Maintaining guidance

Full year 2025

Specialties-driven EBITDA⁽¹⁾ of \$0.95B to \$1.15B

Potash sales volumes to between 4.3M mt and 4.5M mt

Annual tax rate of ~30%

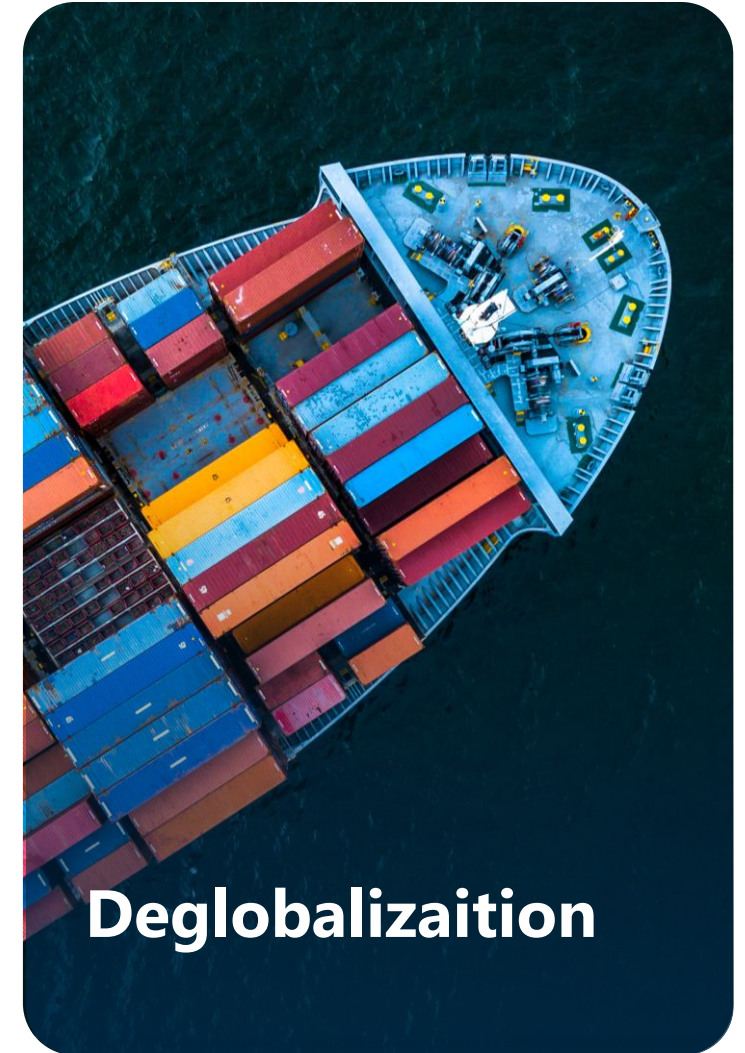
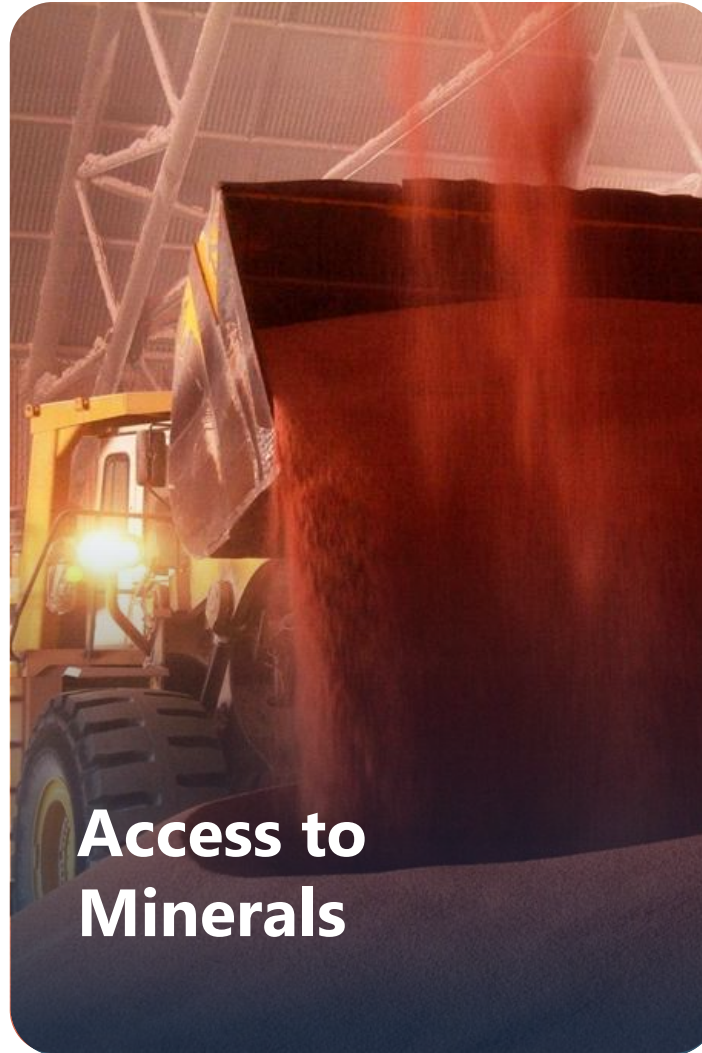
Note: As of 11.12.25. (1) Specialties-driven EBITDA includes Industrial Products, Phosphate Solutions and Growing Solutions and is a non-GAAP measure; please see appendix for additional details. Tax rate shown on an adjusted basis.



Writing ICL's Next Chapter

Strategy Highlights

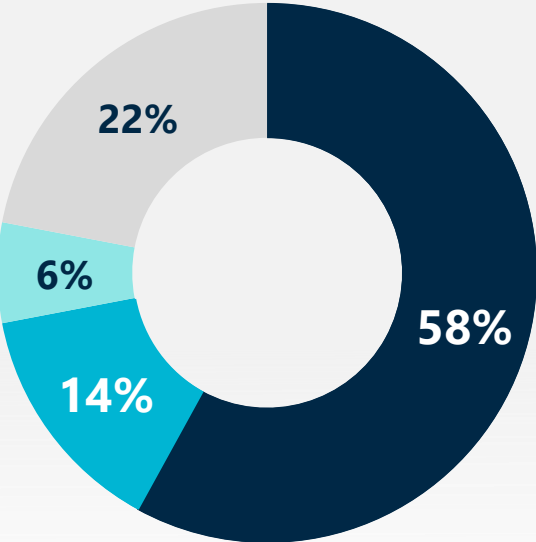
ICL Uniquely Positioned to Address Leading Global Mega Trends



ICL Uniquely Positioned to Address Leading Global Mega Trends

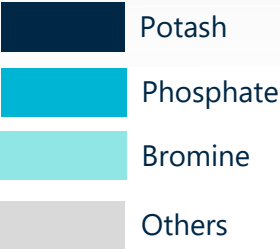
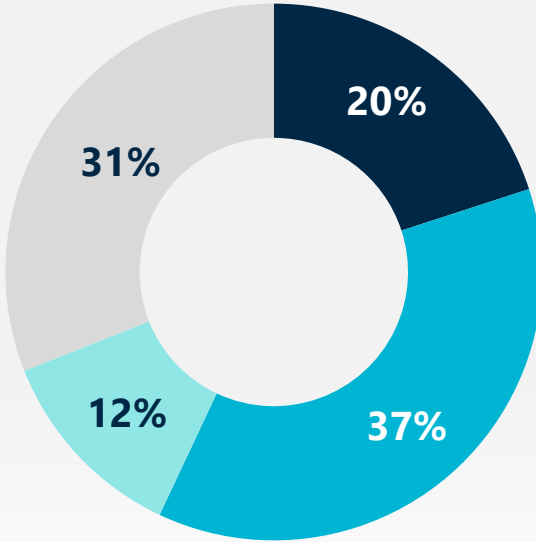
Sales by End Market

2024



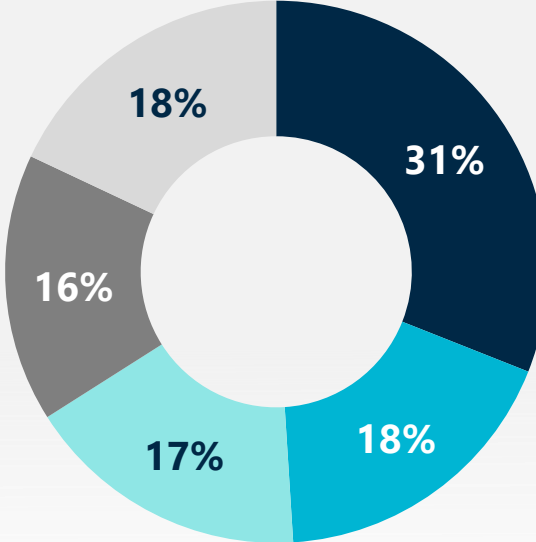
Sales by Mineral

2024



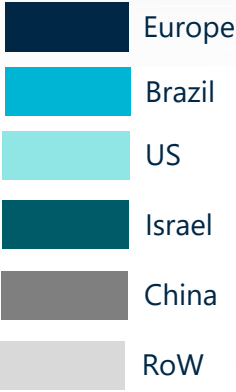
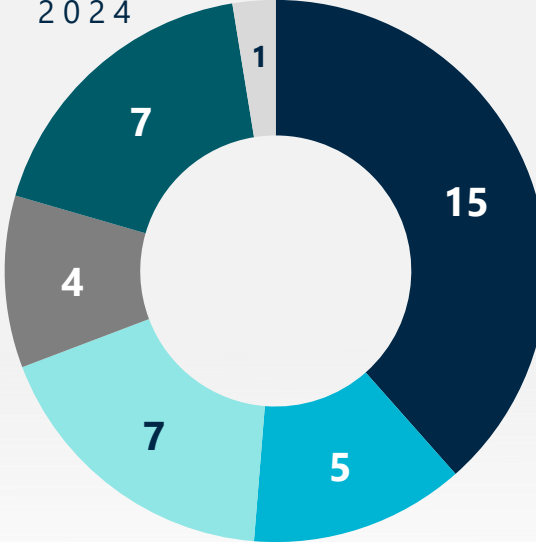
Sales by Region

2024



Production Sites by Region

2024



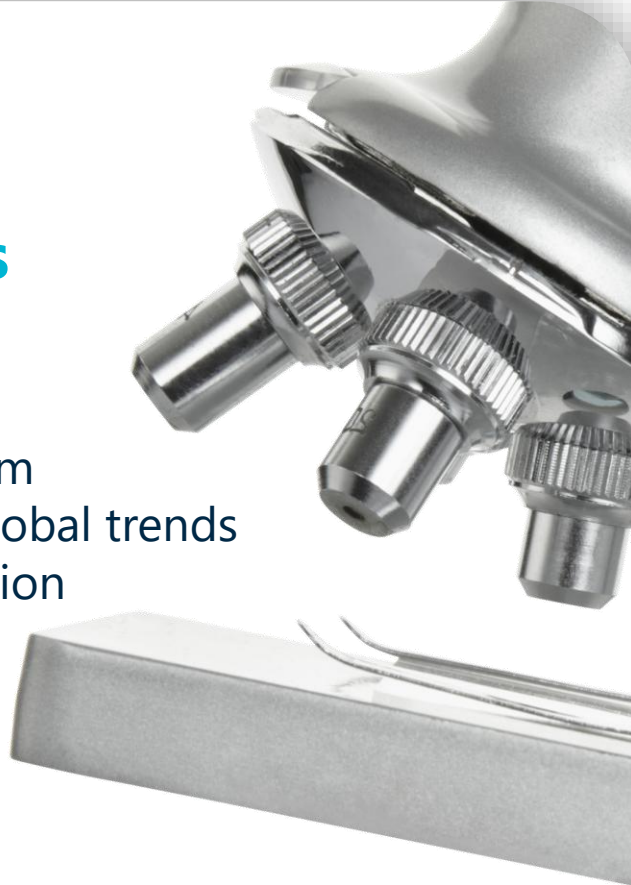
Building ICL's Growth Strategy

Process to Identify ICL's Growth Engines and Key Priorities

Current ICL Business Lines

Analysis included

- Market momentum
- Alignment with global trends
- Competitive position



New Significant Growth Engines

Analysis included

- Market attractiveness
- Strategic fit to ICL
- Potential leadership position



Key Takeaways from Outside-In Strategic Analysis

EXPAND



We are playing in the right places and have significant growth potential within our core

EXTRACT

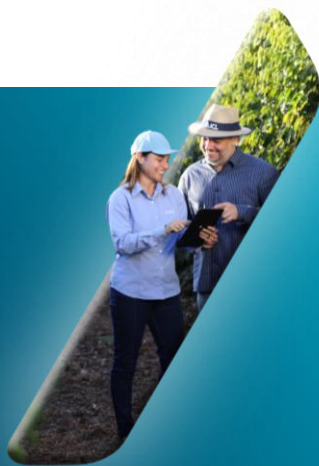


Some businesses already market leaders,
limiting growth potential
Sustain cost/market leadership,
while focusing on profitability

EXAMINE



Focus resources on core
and evaluate non-synergistic
and low potential businesses



Profitable Growth

- Specialty Crop Nutrition
- Specialty Food Solutions



Maximizing Core

- Maximize potash and phosphate value chains
- Maintain market leadership in bromine market



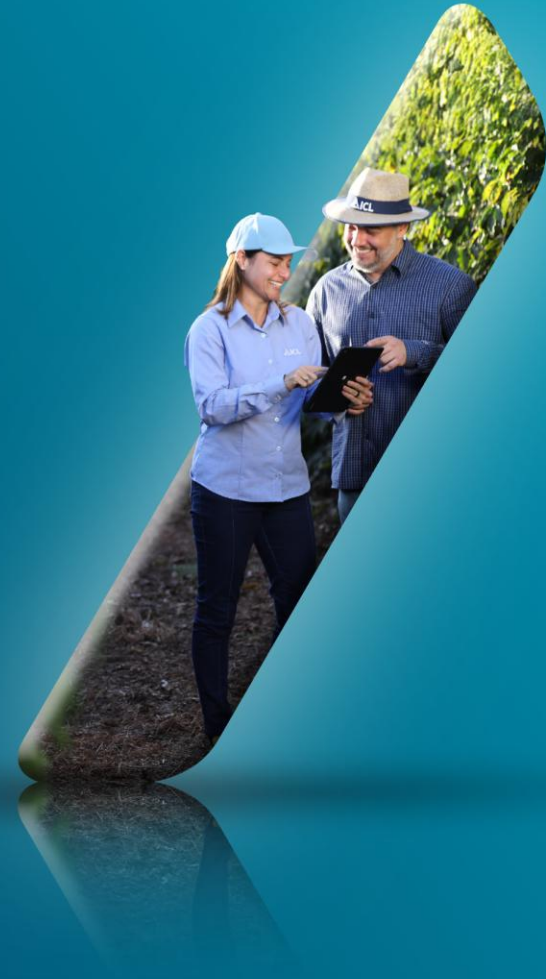
Optimization & Efficiency

- Portfolio optimization
- Optimizing cost structure

AI & Innovation as Key Enablers

Note: Specialty crop nutrition is part of the Growing Solutions division; Specialty food solutions is part of food specialties under the Phosphate Solutions division.

Profitable Growth Engines



ICL Defined Two Strategic Growth Engines



Specialty Crop Nutrition



Specialty Food Solutions

ICL Currently the Global Specialty Crop Nutrition Market Leader

2020

Sales

~\$1,000M

EBITDA

~\$60M

2024

Sales

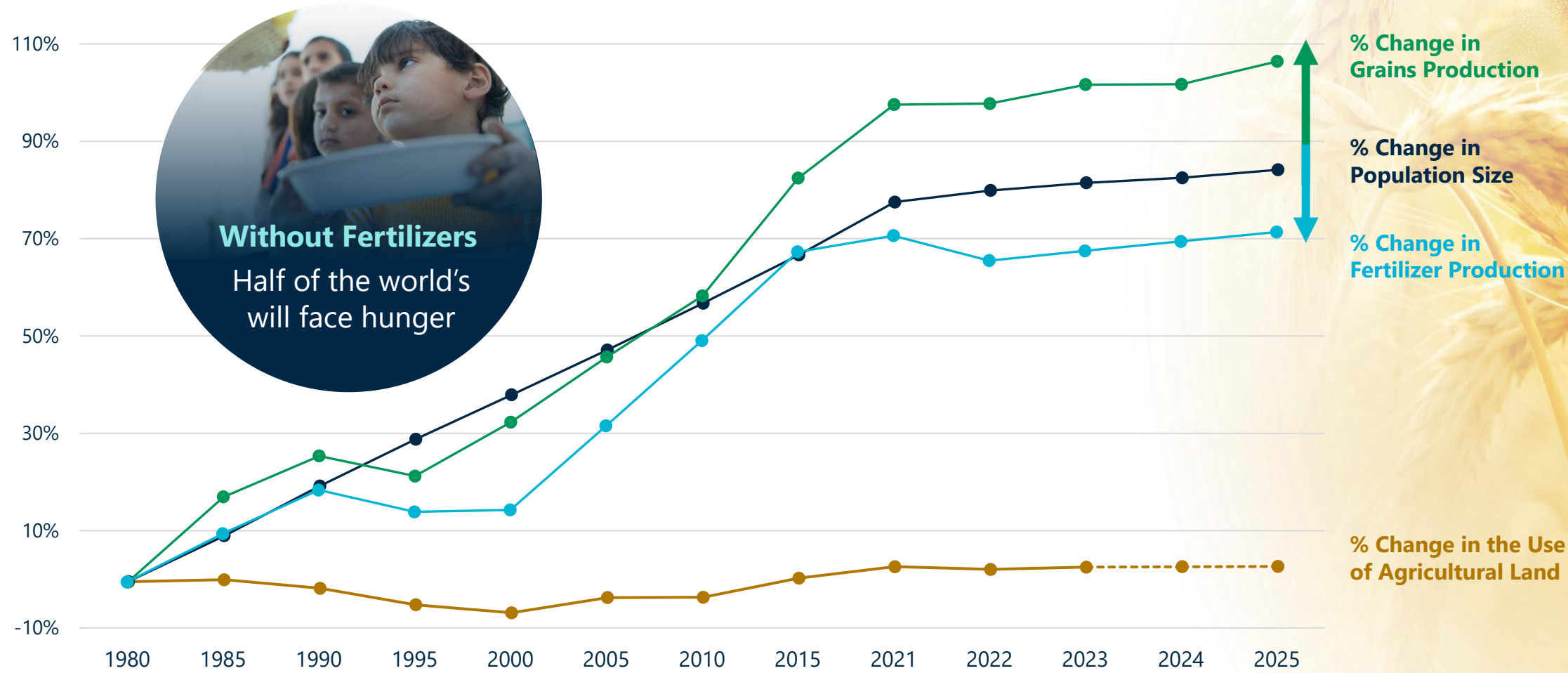
~\$2,000M

EBITDA > 3X Growth
~\$200M

Note: 2020 numbers include the Innovative Ag Solutions division and Boulby and Amfert results, which today comprise the Growing Solutions segment; 2024 numbers include the entire Growing Solutions segment. See appendix for more details.

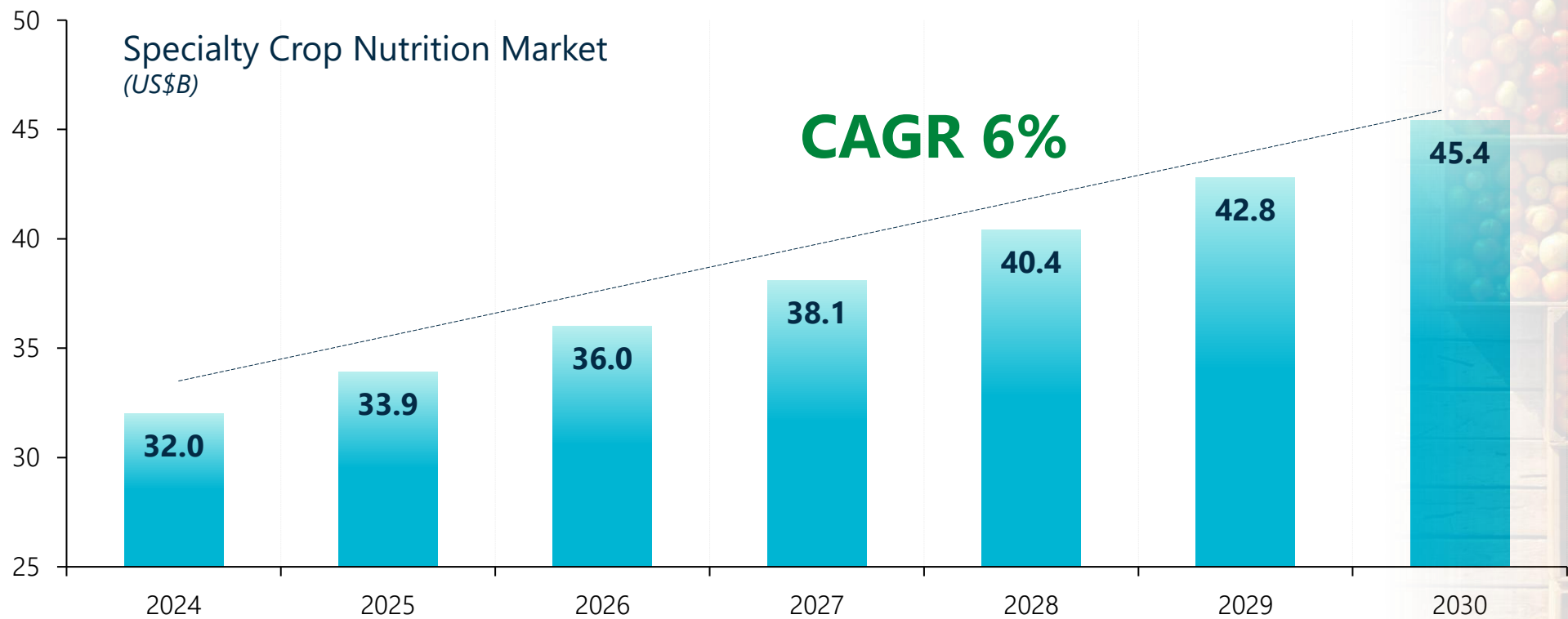
Fertilizers Play Critical Role in Feeding the World

Grain output doubled over past 40 years using same amount of land



Sources: FAO, WORLD BANK

Specialty Crop Nutrition Market – Attractive Market with 6% CAGR



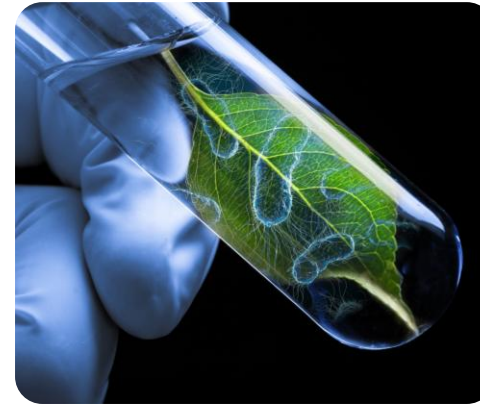
Sources: Grand View Research (2025), Fortune Business Insights (2025), Mordor Intelligence (2024), TechSci Research (2025), ICL analysis.

ICL's Specialty Crop Nutrition Path to Global Dominance

Global Direction, Local Empowerment, Strategic Acquisitions



Strategic acquisitions
(Brazil, NA and EU)



Innovative portfolio
Mainly in biostimulants,
nutrient use efficiency
and organics



Change in **portfolio mix**
to more profitable
product categories



Organic growth mainly
in high growth markets
such as Brazil, China and
India



Specialty Food Solutions



Our \$35B Functional Ingredients Opportunity

TAM

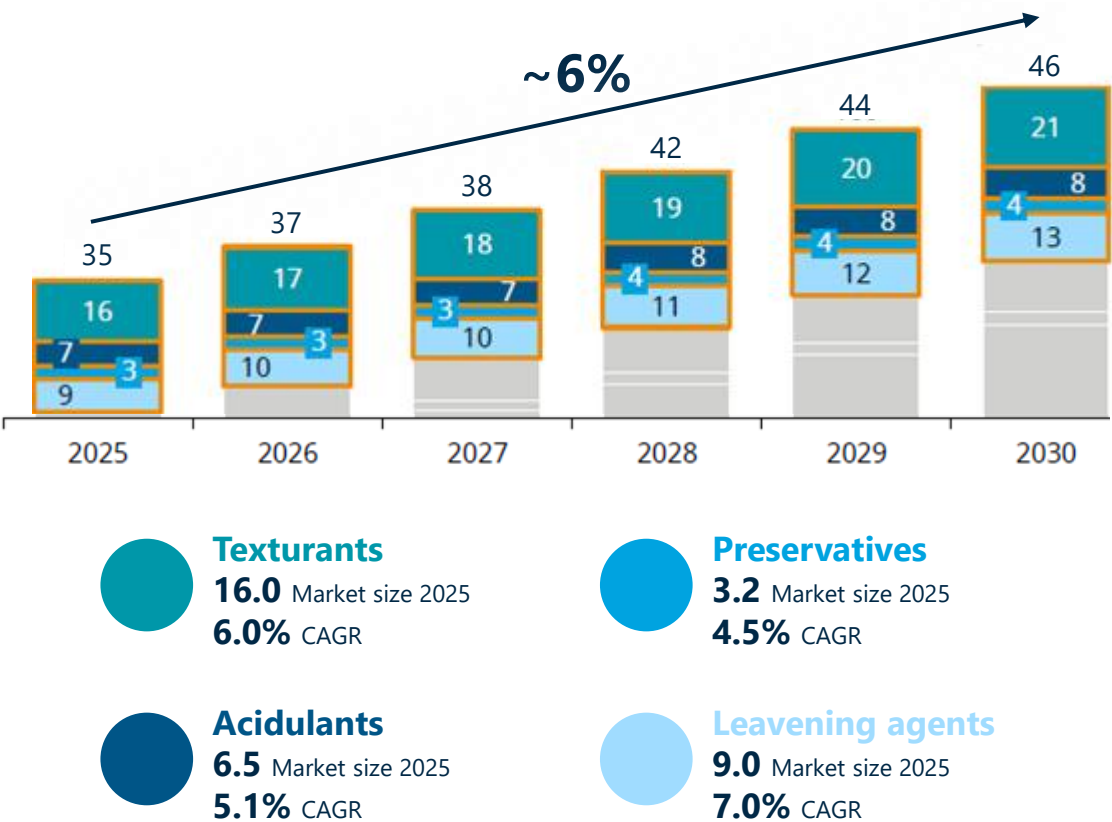
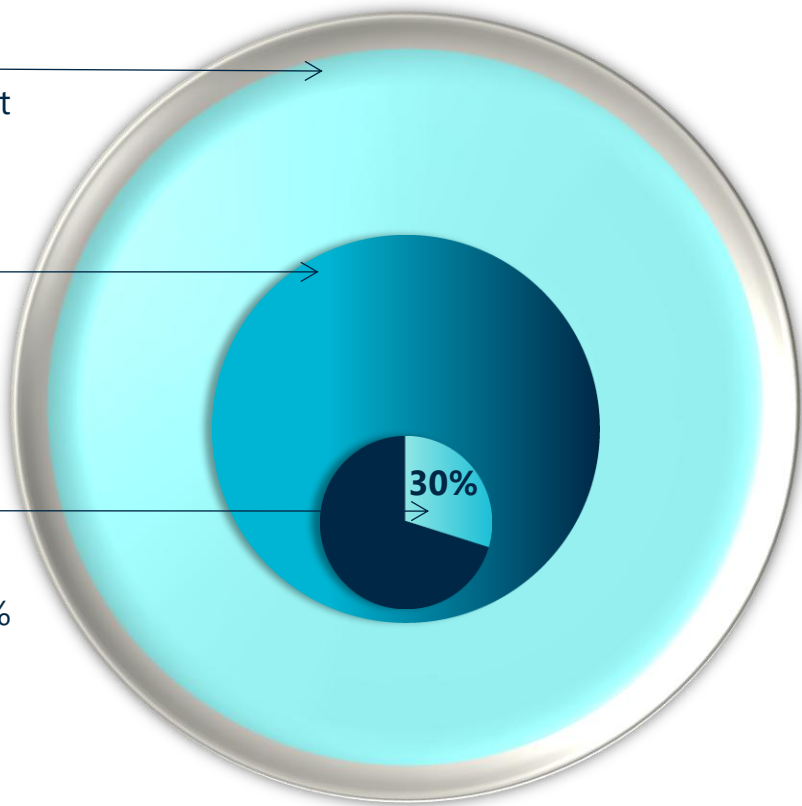
The food ingredients market
\$152B, CAGR of 6%+

SAM

Our respective **functional**
ingredients market
\$35B, CAGR of 5% to 6%



Phosphate based solutions
\$1.5B, CAGR of ~1.5% to 3%

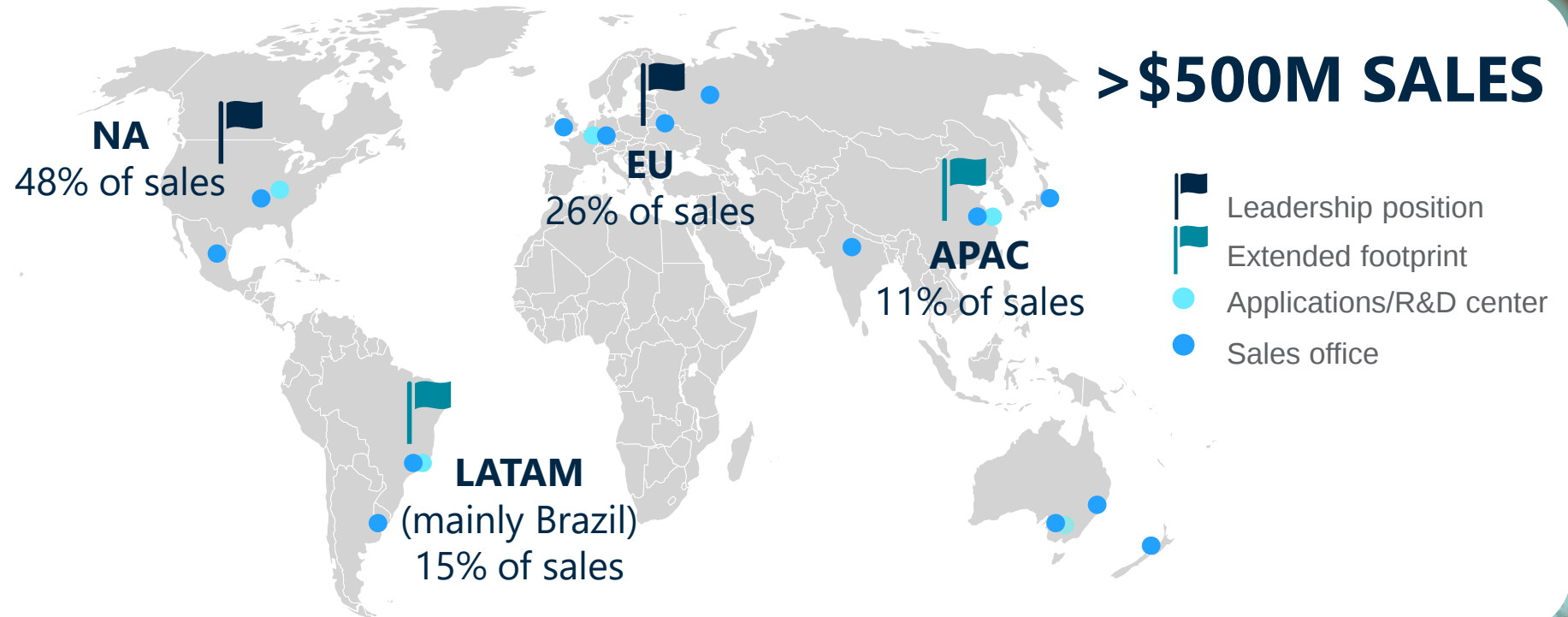


Source: Technavio Report, Markets and Markets, Mordor Intelligence, IMARC Group, Statista, Data IMTELO, Deloitte analysis, expert interviews, ICL internal analysis.

ICL is Well-Positioned to Capture this \$35B Functional Food Ingredients Market

We have all the capabilities to win in the broader functional ingredients market

Strong
Presence in Key
Geographies



ICL is Well-Positioned to Capture this \$35B Functional Food Ingredients Market

We have all the capabilities to win in the broader functional ingredients market

Strong
Presence in Key
Geographies

Loyal
**Customer
Base**



ICL is Well-Positioned to Capture this \$35B Functional Food Ingredients Market

We have all the capabilities to win in the broader functional ingredients market

Strong
Presence in Key
Geographies

Food-grade
R&D labs

Expertise in
Technical
Functionalities

Loyal
**Customer
Base**

Professional
G2M Teams

ICL's Food Ingredients Strategy



Focus on Specific Adjacent Segments

- Texturants
- Acidulants
- Preservatives
- Leavening agents



Strategic Acquisitions to Expand Offering

Portfolio Expansion and Geographic Expansion



Organic Growth Through Bundled Solutions

One-Stop Shop Solutions to F&B Companies

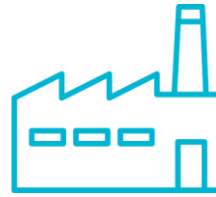
Maximizing Core



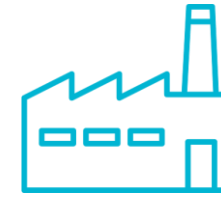
Potash – Production Acceleration and Securing the Next Dead Sea Concession



**Preparation to win
new Dead Sea Concession
in viable terms**



**Increase production
to pre-war quantities
at the Dead Sea**



**Increase production to
all-time highs in Spain**

Industrial Products – Sustain Leadership Position in Bromine and Flame Retardants



No.1
Bromine
capacity



No.1
Bromine
compounds site



No.1
Bromine and
phosphorus flame
retardants



No.1
Bromine
Iso-tank fleet

**Continue developing new bromine and flame
retardant applications to leverage our position**

Non-Food Phosphate Solutions – Maximize Our Market Position

Growing Market

(4% to 7% CAGR) with Strong Demand



Cost advantage –
Fully integrated chain



Geographic advantage –
Only Western manufacturer
producing in China



Product differentiation –
Unique downstream
capabilities

Sources: Research & Markets, Persistence Market Research, Lucintel, Mordor Intelligence , ICL analysis

Optimization & Efficiency



Portfolio Optimization

Focus on Our Core Markets and Assets

Examine non-synergistic and low potential businesses, while shifting resources to initiatives consistent with our capital allocation priorities

LFP – Will Remain Raw Material Provider and Not Move Downstream

Shifts in government policy and termination of U.S. DOE grant

Lack of supportive regulations in Europe

Regulatory uncertainty in China

Change in customer sentiment toward local production

High investments and costs versus low price levels - lack of business viability

Under these circumstances, we prefer to prioritize our selected growth engines



Transforming ICL into an AI-driven organization



SHARPER MARKET PREDICTIONS

continuous, AI-driven forecasting that anticipates demand, margin shifts, and competitive moves.



OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCY

automated processes, optimized supply networks, and resource allocation that reduce cost and increase throughput.



INSIGHT-DRIVEN DECISIONS

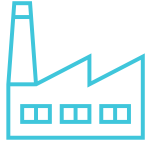
decision engines that surface prioritized actions, risk signals, and scenario outcomes to leaders and frontline teams.



R&D ACCELERATION

AI-assisted discovery, simulation, and experiment prioritization that shortens time-to-market and increases hit rates.

Optimize Cost Structure – Lean, Efficient and Effective Organization



**Operations
Management**



Maintenance



Labor Cost



**Logistics &
Supply Chains**

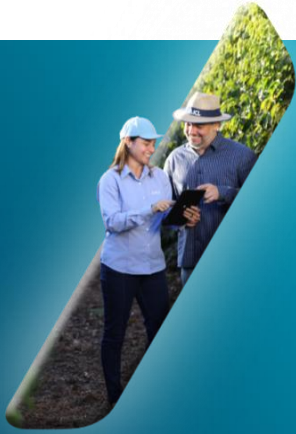


Procurement



**Product Line
Optimization**





Profitable Growth

- Specialty Crop Nutrition
- Specialty Food Solutions



Maximizing Core

- Maximize potash and phosphate value chains
- Maintain market leadership in bromine market



Optimization & Efficiency

- Portfolio optimization
- Optimizing cost structure

AI & Innovation as Key Enablers

Note: Specialty crop nutrition is part of the Growing Solutions division; Specialty food solutions is part of food specialties under the Phosphate Solutions division.

ICL is moving beyond its legacy roots to lead the global drive for sustainable food availability – expanding our core to unlock sustainable profitable growth





Thank you

Contact Peggy.ReillyTharp@icl-group.com for more information on ICL
View our interactive data tool at <https://investors.icl-group.com/interactive-data-tool/default.aspx>

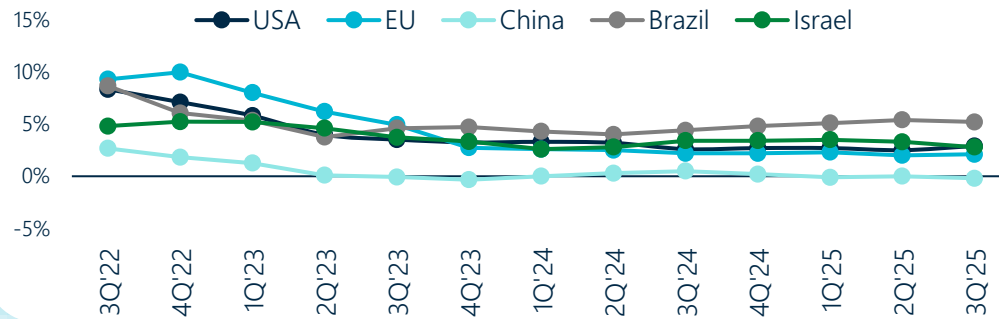


Appendix

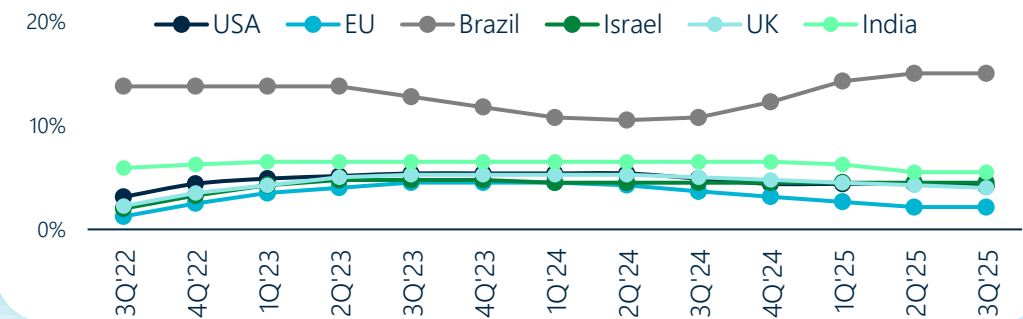
Third Quarter 2025

Key market metrics | macro indicators

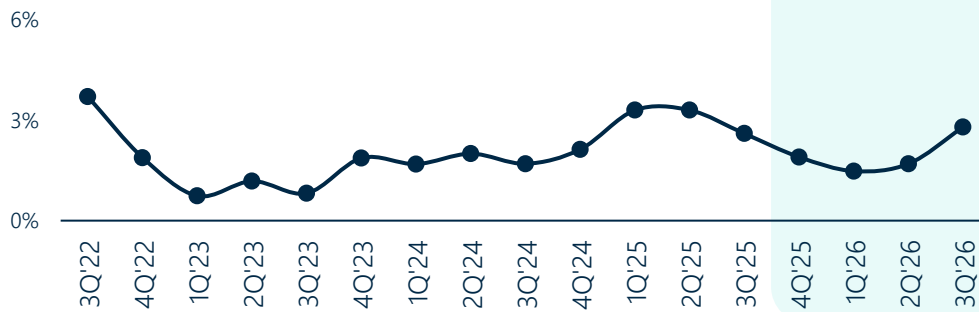
Inflation Rate



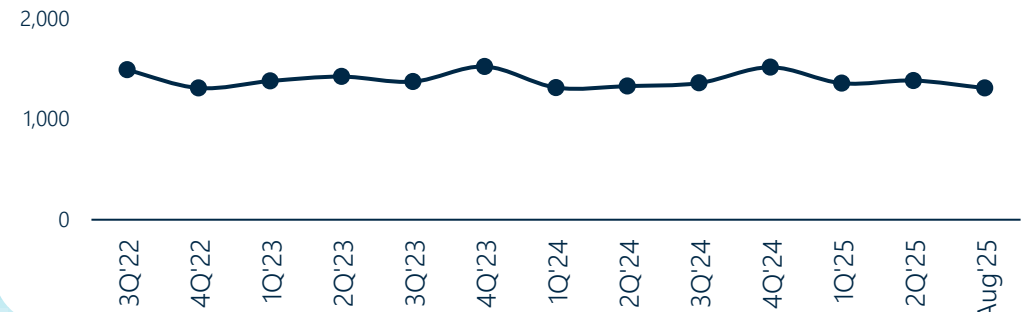
Interest rates Percentage



Global industrial production YoY change



U.S. housing starts in thousands



Sources: Inflation and interest rates – Bloomberg, as of 10.27.25. Global industrial production – CRU, as of September 2025. U.S. housing starts – Bloomberg, as of 10.27.25

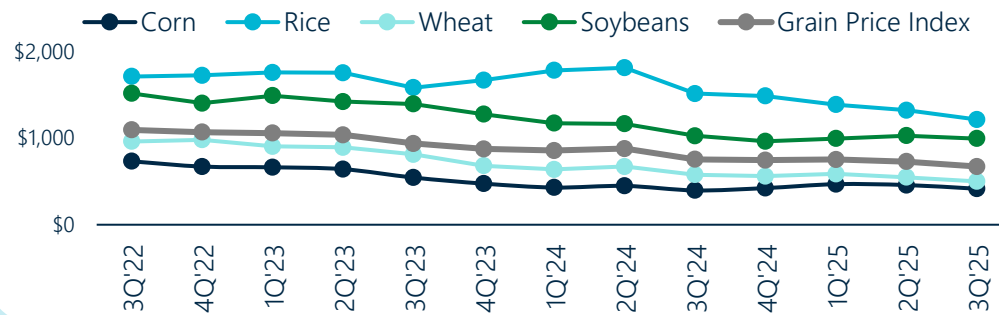
Key market metrics | fertilizer indicators

Relevant for Potash, Growing Solutions and Phosphate Commodities



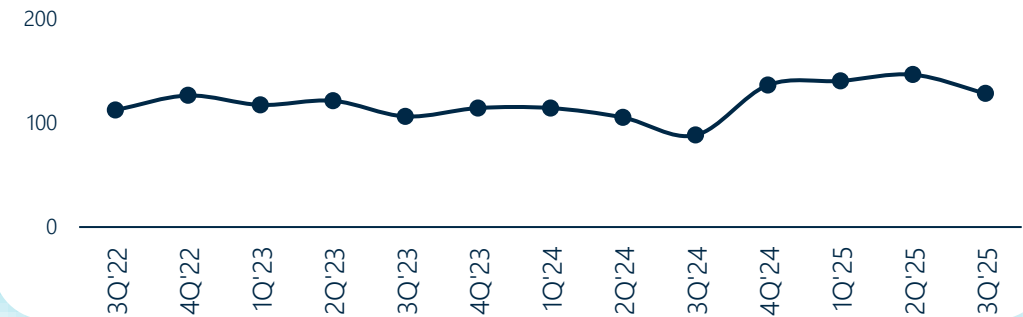
Grain Price Index

US\$/bushel



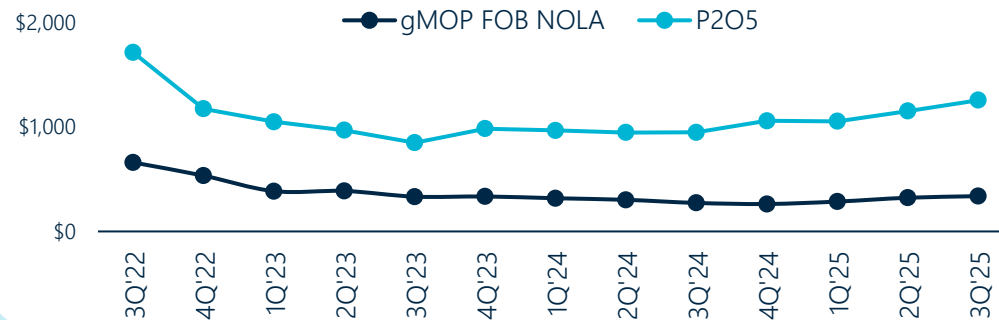
Farmer sentiment

Index



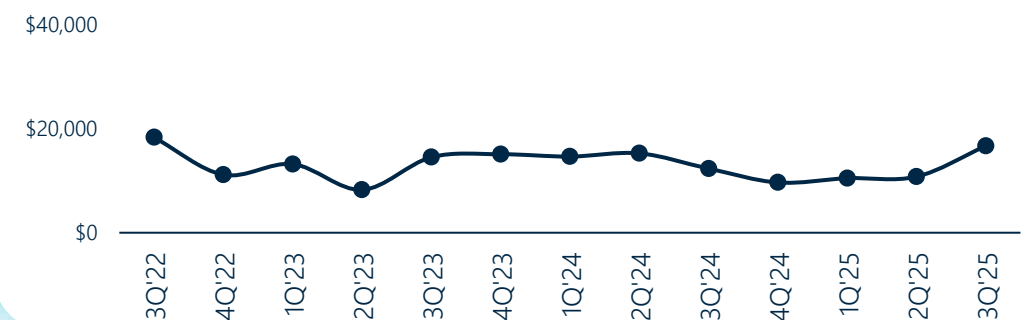
Commodity fertilizers

US\$



Supramax Timecharter Average

US\$/day



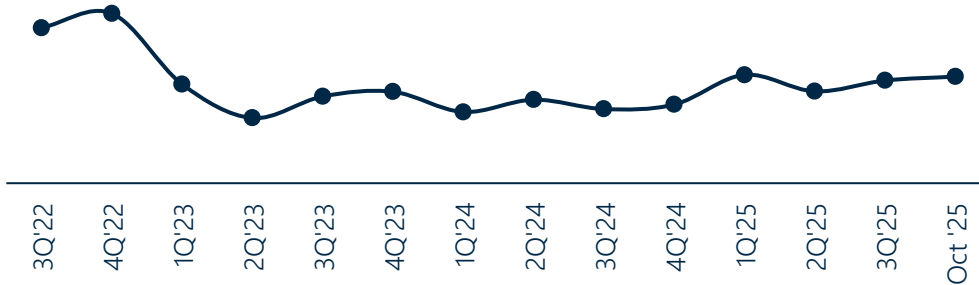
Sources: Grain Price Index – CRU, as of 10.6.25. Farmer sentiment – Purdue/CME Ag Economy Barometer, as of 10.7.25. gMOP (US\$/st) and phosphoric acid (US\$/ton) – CRU, as of 10.6.25. Supramax – Hudson Shipping, as of 10.21.25

Key market metrics | other indicators

Relevant for Industrial Products and Phosphate Specialties

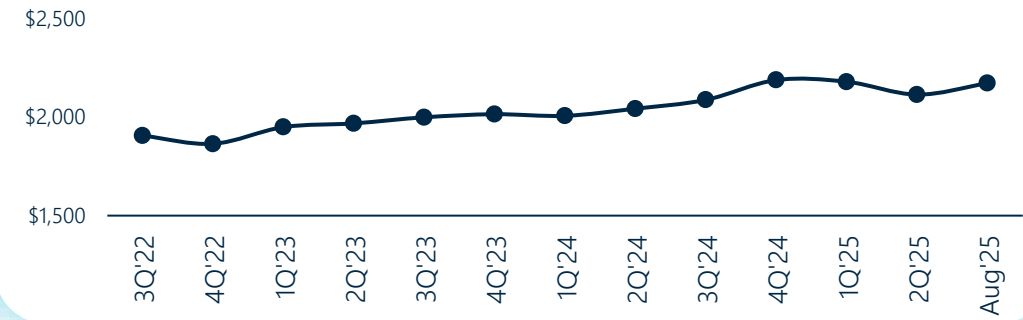
Chinese bromine

Price trend



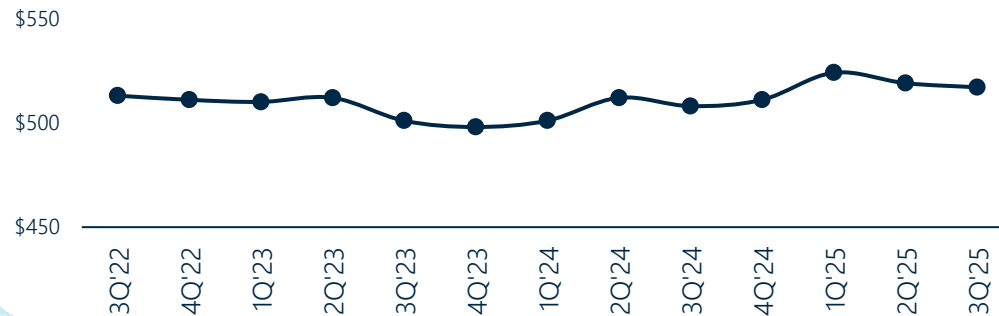
U.S. durable goods

US\$B



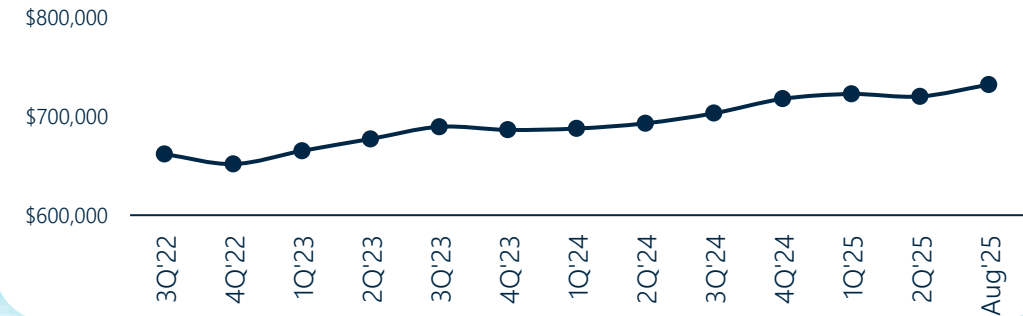
Leading Indicator of Remodeling Activity

US\$B



U.S. retail trade and food services

US\$M



Sources: Chinese bromine prices – Bloomberg, as of 10.27.25. Leading Indicator of Remodeling Activity (LIRA) – Harvard Joint Center for Housing Studies, as of 10.16.25. U.S. durable goods (shown at quarter-end) from Real Personal Consumption Expenditures: Durable Goods – U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis via Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, as of 10.27.25. U.S. retail trade and food sales (shown at quarter-end) from Advance Retail Sales: Retail Trade and Food Services – U.S. Census Bureau via Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, as of 10.27.25.



Calculation of segment EBITDA

Third quarter 2025

Industrial Products <i>US\$M</i>	3Q'24	3Q'25
Segment sales	\$309	\$295
Segment operating income	\$50	\$52
Segment operating margin	16%	18%
Depreciation and amortization	\$15	\$15
Segment EBITDA	\$65	\$67
Segment EBITDA margin	21%	23%

Phosphate Solutions ⁽¹⁾ <i>US\$M</i>	3Q'24	3Q'25
Segment sales	\$577	\$605
Segment operating income	\$100	\$85
Segment operating margin	17%	14%
Depreciation and amortization	\$40	\$49
Segment EBITDA	\$140	\$134
Segment EBITDA margin	24%	22%

Potash <i>US\$M</i>	3Q'24	3Q'25
Segment sales	\$389	\$453
Segment operating income	\$59	\$104
Segment operating margin	15%	23%
Depreciation and amortization	\$61	\$65
Segment EBITDA	\$120	\$169
Segment EBITDA margin	31%	37%

Growing Solutions <i>US\$M</i>	3Q'24	3Q'25	FY'24	FY'20
Segment sales	\$538	\$561	\$1,950	\$1,033
Segment operating income	\$49	\$31	\$128	\$17
Segment operating margin	9%	6%	7%	2%
Depreciation and amortization	\$15	\$19	\$74	\$45
Segment EBITDA	\$64	\$50	\$202	\$62
Segment EBITDA margin	12%	9%	10%	6%

(1) For 3Q'25, Phosphate Specialties comprised \$348M of segment sales, \$38M of OI, \$13M of D&A and represented \$51M of EBITDA, while Phosphate Commodities comprised \$257M of segment sales, \$47M of OI, \$36M of D&A and represented \$83M of EBITDA.



Segment results analysis

Third quarter 2025



Segment Sales US\$M	Industrial Products	Potash	Phosphate Solutions ⁽¹⁾	Growing Solutions
3Q'24	\$309	\$389	\$577	\$538
Quantity	(\$43)	\$8	(\$11)	(\$26)
Price	\$25	\$51	\$33	\$32
Exchange rates	\$4	\$5	\$6	\$17
3Q'25	\$295	\$453	\$605	\$561

Segment EBITDA US\$M	Industrial Products	Potash	Phosphate Solutions ⁽¹⁾	Growing Solutions
3Q'24	\$65	\$120	\$140	\$64
Quantity	(\$11)	-	\$4	(\$10)
Price	\$25	\$51	\$33	\$32
Exchange rates	(\$4)	(\$9)	(\$3)	\$1
Raw materials	\$4	-	(\$46)	(\$37)
Energy	-	\$1	-	\$1
Transportation	\$2	\$4	\$1	(\$2)
Operating, other expenses	(\$14)	\$2	\$5	\$1
3Q'25	\$67	\$169	\$134	\$50

(1) For 3Q'25, Phosphate Specialties comprised \$348M of segment sales, \$38M of OI, \$13M of D&A and represented \$51M of EBITDA, while Phosphate Commodities comprised \$257M of segment sales, \$47M of OI, \$36M of D&A and represented \$83M of EBITDA.

Reconciliation tables

Calculation of adjustments for third quarter 2025

Adjusted EBITDA <i>US\$M</i>	3Q'24	3Q'25
Net income	\$127	\$129
Financing expenses, net	\$39	\$44
Taxes on income	\$49	\$57
Less: Share in earnings of equity-accounted investees	(\$1)	-
Operating income	\$214	\$230
Depreciation and amortization	\$140	\$157
Adjustments ⁽¹⁾	\$29	\$11
Adjusted EBITDA	\$383	\$398

Free cash flow <i>US\$M</i>	3Q'24	3Q'25
Cash flow from operations	\$408	\$308
Additions to PP&E, intangible assets and dividends from equity-accounted investees ⁽²⁾	(\$158)	(\$179)
Free cash flow	\$250	\$129

Adjusted NI and diluted EPS <i>US\$M, ex. per share</i>	3Q'24	3Q'25
Net income, attributable	\$113	\$115
Adjustments ⁽¹⁾	\$29	\$11
Total tax adjustments	(\$6)	(\$2)
Adjusted net income, attributable	\$136	\$124
Weighted-average number of diluted ordinary shares outstanding <i>in millions</i>	1,290	1,291
Adjusted diluted EPS	\$0.11	\$0.10

Net debt to adjusted EBITDA ⁽³⁾ <i>US\$M</i>	3Q'25
Net debt	\$1,925
Adjusted EBITDA	\$1,400
Net debt to adjusted EBITDA	1.4

(1) See adjustments to reported operating and net income (non-GAAP) in corresponding quarters' earnings release. (2) Also includes proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment (PP&E).

(3) Calculated by dividing net debt, without securitization, by past four quarters adjusted EBITDA. Note: Numbers may not add, due to rounding & set-offs.

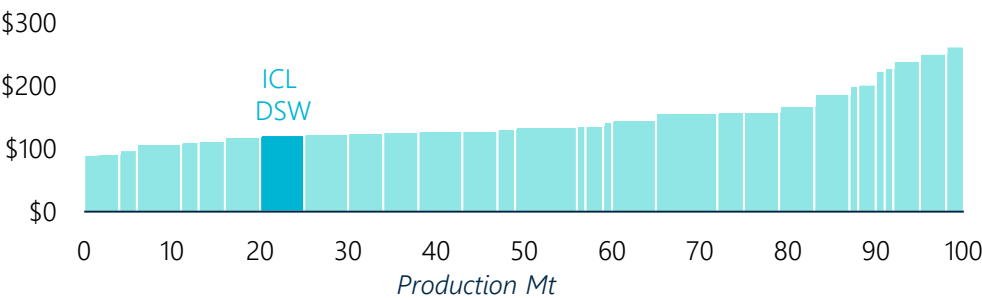


Leading positions

In cost, quality and price

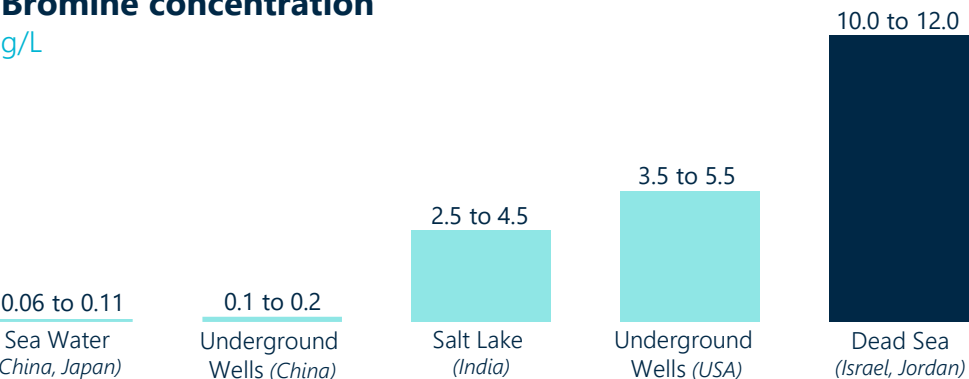
MOP industry cost curve

Cash costs US\$/t, including royalties, FOB load port



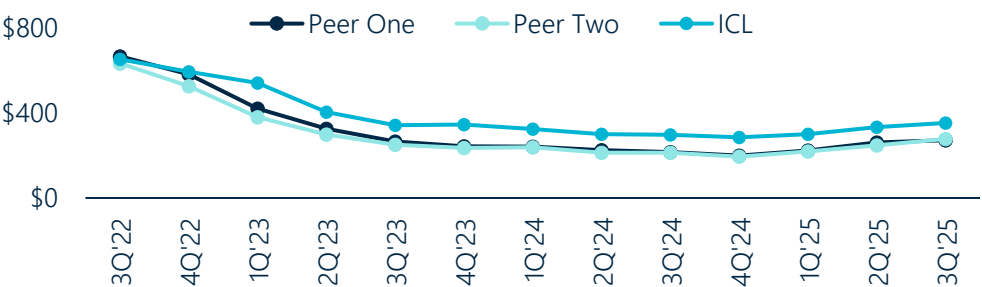
Bromine concentration

g/L



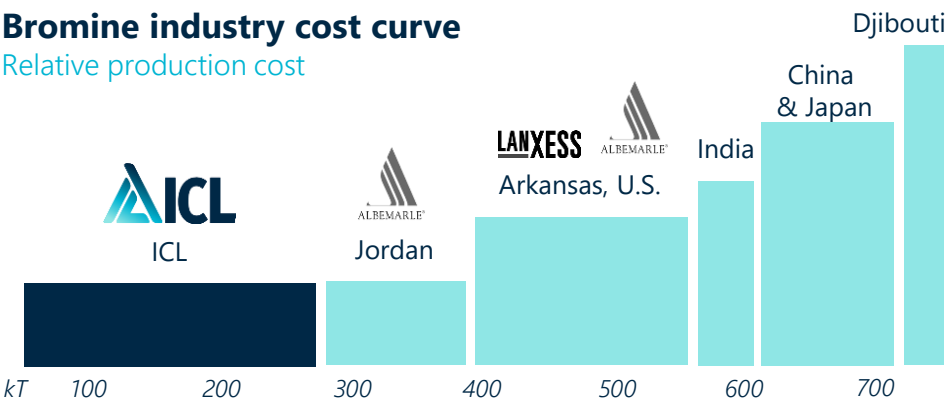
Potash ASP

US\$



Bromine industry cost curve

Relative production cost



Potash sources: Cost curve – data shown for 2025 and used with permission of CRU International Ltd. 2025, all rights reserved. Potash peers' ASP from company reports, as of 11.6.25.
 Bromine sources: Bromine concentration – internal calculations; cost curve – Weizmann Institute of Science.

Guidance and non-GAAP financial measures

Guidance: The company only provides guidance on a non-GAAP basis. The company does not provide a reconciliation of forward-looking adjusted EBITDA (non-GAAP) to GAAP net income (loss), due to the inherent difficulty in forecasting, and quantifying certain amounts that are necessary for such reconciliation, in particular, because special items such as restructuring, litigation, and other matters, used to calculate projected net income (loss) vary dramatically based on actual events, the company is not able to forecast on a GAAP basis with reasonable certainty all deductions needed in order to provide a GAAP calculation of projected net income (loss) at this time. The amount of these deductions may be material and therefore could result in projected GAAP net income (loss) being materially less than projected adjusted EBITDA (non-GAAP). The guidance speaks only as of the date hereof. The company undertakes no obligation to update any of these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this news release or to reflect actual outcomes, unless required by law. The company provides guidance for specialties-driven EBITDA, which includes Industrial Products, Growing Solutions and Phosphate Solutions. For the Potash business, the company is providing sales volume guidance.

Non-GAAP financial measures: The company discloses in this quarterly report non-IFRS financial measures titled adjusted operating income, adjusted net income attributable to the company's shareholders, diluted adjusted earnings per share, and adjusted EBITDA. Management uses adjusted operating income, adjusted net income attributable to the company's shareholders, diluted adjusted earnings per share, free cash flow and adjusted EBITDA to facilitate operating performance comparisons from period to period. The company calculates adjusted operating income by adjusting operating income to add certain items, as set forth in the reconciliation table under "Adjustments to reported operating, and net income (non-GAAP)" in the appendix. Certain of these items may recur. The company calculates adjusted net income attributable to the company's shareholders by adjusting net income attributable to the company's shareholders to add certain items, as set forth in the reconciliation table under "Adjustments to reported operating, and net income (non-GAAP)" in the appendix, excluding the total tax impact of such adjustments. The company calculates diluted adjusted earnings per share by dividing adjusted net income by the weighted-average number of diluted ordinary shares outstanding. Free cash flow is calculated as cash flow from operations less any additions to PP&E, intangible assets, and dividends from equity-accounted investees. Adjusted EBITDA is calculated as net income before financing expenses, net, taxes on income, share in earnings of equity-accounted investees, depreciation and amortization, and certain adjustments presented in the reconciliation table under "Consolidated adjusted EBITDA, and diluted adjusted earnings per share for the periods of activity" in the appendix, which were adjusted for in calculating the adjusted operating income.

You should not view adjusted operating income, adjusted net income attributable to the company's shareholders, diluted adjusted earnings per share or adjusted EBITDA as a substitute for operating income or net income attributable to the company's shareholders determined in accordance with IFRS, and you should note that the company's definitions of adjusted operating income, adjusted net income attributable to the company's shareholders, diluted adjusted earnings per share, and adjusted EBITDA may differ from those used by other companies. Additionally, other companies may use other measures to evaluate their performance, which may reduce the usefulness of the company's non-IFRS financial measures as tools for comparison. However, the company believes adjusted operating income, adjusted net income attributable to the company's shareholders, diluted adjusted earnings per share, and adjusted EBITDA provide useful information to both management, and investors by excluding certain items that management believes are not indicative of ongoing operations. Management uses these non-IFRS measures to evaluate the company's business strategies and management performance. The company believes these non-IFRS measures provide useful information to investors because they improve the comparability of financial results between periods and provide for greater transparency of key measures used to evaluate performance.

The company presents a discussion in the period-to-period comparisons of the primary drivers of change in the company's results of operations. This discussion is based in part on management's best estimates of the impact of the main trends on the company's businesses. The company has based the following discussion on its financial statements. You should read such discussion together with the company's financial statements.